

Sen. Antonio Muñoz

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liquor

Filed: 5/3/2013

	09800HB1573sam001 LRB098 07025 MGM 44940	a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1573	
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 1573 by replacing	ıg
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:	
4	"Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended k	эγ
5	changing Section 3-12 as follows:	
6	(235 ILCS 5/3-12)	
7	Sec. 3-12. Powers and duties of State Commission.	
8	(a) The State commission shall have the following powers	3,
9	functions and duties:	
10	(1) To receive applications and to issue licenses t	10
11	manufacturers, foreign importers, importing distributors	3,
12	distributors, non-resident dealers, on premise consumption	n
13	retailers, off premise sale retailers, special ever	nt
14	retailer licensees, special use permit licenses, auctio	n

licenses, brew pubs, caterer retailers,

non-beverage users, railroads, including owners

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lessees of sleeping, dining and cafe cars, airplanes, boats, brokers, and wine maker's premises licensees in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and to suspend or revoke such licenses upon the State commission's determination, upon notice after hearing, that a licensee has violated any provision of this Act or any rule or regulation issued pursuant thereto and in effect for 30 days prior to such violation. Except in the case of an action taken pursuant to a violation of Section 6-3, 6-5, or 6-9, any action by the State Commission to suspend or revoke a licensee's license may be limited to the license for the specific premises where the violation occurred.

In lieu of suspending or revoking a license, the commission may impose a fine, upon the State commission's determination and notice after hearing, that a licensee has violated any provision of this Act or any rule or regulation issued pursuant thereto and in effect for 30 days prior to such violation. The fine imposed under this paragraph may not exceed \$500 for each violation. Each day that the activity, which gave rise to the original fine, continues is a separate violation. The maximum fine that may be levied against any licensee, for the period of the license, shall not exceed \$20,000. The maximum penalty that may be imposed on a licensee for selling a bottle of alcoholic liquor with a foreign object in it or serving from a bottle of alcoholic liquor with a foreign object in

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it shall be the destruction of that bottle of alcoholic liquor for the first 10 bottles so sold or served from by the licensee. For the eleventh bottle of alcoholic liquor and for each third bottle thereafter sold or served from by the licensee with a foreign object in it, the maximum penalty that may be imposed on the licensee is the destruction of the bottle of alcoholic liquor and a fine of up to \$50.

- (2) To adopt such rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this Act which shall be necessary to carry on its functions and duties to the end that the health, safety and welfare of the People of the State of Illinois shall be protected and temperance in the consumption of alcoholic liquors shall be fostered and promoted and to distribute copies of such rules and regulations to all licensees affected thereby.
- (3) To call upon other administrative departments of the State, county and municipal governments, county and city police departments and upon prosecuting officers for such information and assistance as it deems necessary in the performance of its duties.
- (4) To recommend to local commissioners rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the law, for the distribution and sale of alcoholic liquors throughout the State.
 - (5) To inspect, or cause to be inspected, any premises

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in this State where alcoholic liquors are manufactured, distributed, warehoused, or sold.

- (5.1) Upon receipt of a complaint or upon having knowledge that any person is engaged in business as a manufacturer, importing distributor, distributor, or retailer without a license or valid license, to notify the local liquor authority, file a complaint with the State's Attorney's Office of the county where the incident occurred, or initiate an investigation with the appropriate law enforcement officials.
- (5.2) To issue a cease and desist notice to persons shipping alcoholic liquor into this State from a point outside of this State if the shipment is in violation of this Act.
- officials, law enforcement agencies, organizations, and persons stating that any licensee has been or is violating any provision of this Act or the rules and regulations issued pursuant to this Act. Such complaints shall be in writing, signed and sworn to by the person making the complaint, and shall state with specificity the facts in relation to the alleged violation. If the Commission has reasonable grounds to believe that the complaint substantially alleges a violation of this Act or rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this Act, it shall conduct an investigation. If, after conducting an investigation,

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the Commission is satisfied that the alleged violation did occur, it shall proceed with disciplinary action against the licensee as provided in this Act.

- (6) To hear and determine appeals from orders of a local commission in accordance with the provisions of this Act, as hereinafter set forth. Hearings under this subsection shall be held in Springfield or Chicago, at whichever location is the more convenient for the majority of persons who are parties to the hearing.
- (7) The commission shall establish uniform systems of accounts to be kept by all retail licensees having more than 4 employees, and for this purpose the commission may classify all retail licensees having more than 4 employees and establish a uniform system of accounts for each class and prescribe the manner in which such accounts shall be kept. The commission may also prescribe the forms of accounts to be kept by all retail licensees having more than 4 employees, including but not limited to accounts of earnings and expenses and any distribution, payment, or other distribution of earnings or assets, and any other forms, records and memoranda which in the judgment of the commission may be necessary or appropriate to carry out any of the provisions of this Act, including but not limited to such forms, records and memoranda as will readily and accurately disclose at all times the beneficial ownership of such retail licensed business. The accounts, forms,

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records and memoranda shall be available at all reasonable times for inspection by authorized representatives of the State commission or by any local liquor control commissioner or his or her authorized representative. The commission, may, from time to time, alter, amend or repeal, in whole or in part, any uniform system of accounts, or the form and manner of keeping accounts.

(8) In the conduct of any hearing authorized to be held by the commission, to appoint, at the commission's discretion, hearing officers to conduct hearings involving complex issues or issues that will require a protracted period of time to resolve, to examine, or cause to be examined, under oath, any licensee, and to examine or cause to be examined the books and records of such licensee; to hear testimony and take proof material for its information in the discharge of its duties hereunder; to administer or cause to be administered oaths; for any such purpose to issue subpoena or subpoenas to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, which shall be effective in any part of this State, and to adopt rules to implement its powers under this paragraph (8). multiple complaints alleging violations of Sections 6-2, 6-4, 6-5, 6-6 or 6-9 of this Act result in a hearing, the Commission shall designate a hearing officer to conduct the hearing. The hearing officer shall be an attorney licensed to practice law in this State and shall be an employee of

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the Illinois Liquor Control Commission, unless, by a majority vote of the Commission, the Commission selects a hearing officer who has not received compensation for a period of one year from the date of the hearing from a licensed business or entity subject to the provisions of this Act. These hearings shall commence no later than 30 days after the hearing officer determines that the complaint or result of an investigation substantially alleges a violation of the Act or rules adopted under this Act, and the hearing officer alleges a violation in a notice of hearing. At the time of the hearing, the hearing officer shall proceed to hear the complaint or result of an investigation, and all parties shall be afforded an opportunity to present, in person or by counsel, any relevant statements, testimony, evidence, and arguments. The hearing officer may continue the hearing by agreement of the parties or upon finding of good cause, but in no event shall the hearing be rescheduled or continued more that 60 days after the initial hearing date.

Upon any hearing, the hearing officer may administer oaths to witnesses and issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses or other persons and the production of relevant documents, records, and other evidence and may require examination of the evidence. For purposes of discovery, the hearing officer may, if deemed appropriate and proper under the circumstances, authorize the parties

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to engage in the discovery procedures as provided in Section 2-1003 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Discovery shall be completed no later than 15 days prior to commencement of the proceeding or hearing. Enforcement of discovery procedures shall be provided in the rules. Subpoenas issued shall be served in the same manner as subpoenas issued by the circuit courts.

A party may conduct cross-examination required for a full and fair disclosure of the facts. Within 60 days after the date of the hearing, the hearing officer shall issue his or her proposed decision to the Commission and shall, by certified mail, return receipt requested, serve the proposed decision upon the parties, with an opportunity afforded to each party to file exceptions and present a brief to the Commission within 10 days after their receipt of the proposed decisions. The proposed decision shall contain a statement of the reasons for the decision and each issue of fact or law necessary to the proposed decision. The Commission shall then issue its final order within 30 days after receipt of the hearing officer's proposed decision.

The Commission shall record the testimony and preserve a record of all proceedings at the hearing by proper means of recordation. The citation issued, the notice of hearing, and all other documents in the nature of pleadings, motions, and rulings, all evidence, offers of proof,

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objections, and rulings thereon, the transcript of testimony, the report of findings or proposed decision of the hearing officer, and the orders of the Commission shall constitute the record of the proceedings. The Commission shall furnish a transcript of the record to any person interested in the hearing upon payment of the actual cost of the transcript.

Any Circuit Court may by order duly entered, require the attendance of witnesses and the production of relevant books subpoenaed by the State commission and the court may compel obedience to its order by proceedings for contempt.

- (9) To investigate the administration of laws in relation to alcoholic liquors in this and other states and any foreign countries, and to recommend from time to time to the Governor and through him or her to the legislature of this State, such amendments to this Act, if any, as it may think desirable and as will serve to further the general broad purposes contained in Section 1-2 hereof.
- (10) To adopt such rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this Act which shall be necessary for the control, sale or disposition of alcoholic liquor damaged as a result of an accident, wreck, flood, fire or other similar occurrence.
- (11) To develop industry educational programs related to responsible serving and selling, particularly in the areas of overserving consumers and illegal underage

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1 purchasing and consumption of alcoholic beverages.

- To license persons providing education and training to alcohol beverage sellers and servers under the Beverage Alcohol Sellers and Servers Education Training (BASSET) programs and to develop and administer a public awareness program in Illinois to reduce or eliminate the illegal purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverage products by persons under the age of 21. Application for a license shall be made on forms provided by the State Commission.
- (12) To develop and maintain a repository of license and regulatory information.
- (13) On or before January 15, 1994, the Commission shall issue a written report to the Governor and General Assembly that is to be based on a comprehensive study of the impact on and implications for the State of Illinois of Section 1926 of the Federal ADAMHA Reorganization Act of 1992 (Public Law 102-321). This study shall address the extent to which Illinois currently complies with the provisions of P.L. 102-321 and the rules promulgated pursuant thereto.

As part of its report, the Commission shall provide the following essential information:

- (i) the number of retail distributors of tobacco products, by type and geographic area, in the State;
 - (ii) number of reported citations the and

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successful	convic	ctions	, Cá	atego	orize	ed	bу	typ	е	and
location of	retail	l dist	cribut	tor,	for	vic	olati	on	of	the
Prevention	of Tok	oacco	Use	by	Mino	rs	and	Sa	le	and
Distribution	of To	bacco	Prod	ucts	Act	and	the	Smo	okel	Less
Tobacco Limi	tation	Act;								

- (iii) the extent and nature of organized educational and governmental activities that intended to promote, encourage or otherwise secure compliance with any Illinois laws that prohibit the sale or distribution of tobacco products to minors; and
- (iv) the level of access and availability of tobacco products to individuals under the age of 18.

To obtain the data necessary to comply with the provisions of P.L. 102-321 and the requirements of this report, the Commission shall conduct random, unannounced inspections of a geographically and scientifically representative sample of the State's retail tobacco distributors.

The Commission shall consult with the Department of Public Health, the Department of Human Services, the Illinois State Police and any other executive branch agency, and private organizations that may have information relevant to this report.

The Commission may contract with the Food and Drug Administration of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services to conduct unannounced investigations of Illinois

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tobacco vendors to determine compliance with federal laws relating to the illegal sale of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco products to persons under the age of 18.

- (14) On or before April 30, 2008 and every 2 years thereafter, the Commission shall present a written report to the Governor and the General Assembly that shall be based on a study of the impact of this amendatory Act of the 95th General Assembly on the business of soliciting, selling, and shipping wine from inside and outside of this State directly to residents of this State. As part of its report, the Commission shall provide all of the following information:
 - (A) The amount of State excise and sales tax revenues generated.
 - (B) The amount of licensing fees received.
 - (C) The number of cases of wine shipped from inside and outside of this State directly to residents of this State.
 - (D) The number of alcohol compliance operations conducted.
 - The number of winery shipper's licenses (E) issued.
 - (F) The number of each of the following: reported violations; cease and desist notices issued by the Commission; notices of violations issued the Commission and to the Department of Revenue; and

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notices and complaints of violations to law enforcement officials, including, without limitation, the Illinois Attorney General and the U.S. Department of Treasury's Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.

- (15) As a means to reduce the underage consumption of alcoholic liquors, the Commission shall conduct alcohol compliance operations to investigate whether businesses that are soliciting, selling, and shipping wine from inside or outside of this State directly to residents of this State are licensed by this State or are selling or attempting to sell wine to persons under 21 years of age in violation of this Act.
- (16) The Commission shall, in addition to notifying any appropriate law enforcement agency, submit notices of complaints or violations of Sections 6-29 and 6-29.1 by persons who do not hold a winery shipper's license under this amendatory Act to the Illinois Attorney General and to the U.S. Department of Treasury's Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau.
- (17) (A) A person licensed to make wine under the laws of another state who has a winery shipper's license under this amendatory Act and annually produces less than 25,000 gallons of wine or a person who has a first-class or second-class wine manufacturer's license, a first-class or second-class wine-maker's license, or a limited wine manufacturer's license under this Act and annually

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produces less than 25,000 gallons of wine may make application to the Commission for a self-distribution exemption to allow the sale of not more than 5,000 gallons of the exemption holder's wine to retail licensees per year.

- (B) In the application, which shall be sworn under penalty of perjury, such person shall state (1) the date it was established; (2) its volume of production and sales for each year since its establishment; (3) its efforts to establish distributor relationships; (4) that a self-distribution exemption is necessary to facilitate the marketing of its wine; and (5) that it will comply with the liquor and revenue laws of the United States, this State, and any other state where it is licensed.
- (C) The Commission shall approve the application for a self-distribution exemption if such person: (1) is in compliance with State revenue and liquor laws; (2) is not a member of any affiliated group that produces more than 25,000 gallons of wine per annum or produces any other alcoholic liquor; (3) will not annually produce for sale more than 25,000 gallons of wine; and (4) will not annually sell more than 5,000 gallons of its wine to retail licensees.
- (D) A self-distribution exemption holder shall annually certify to the Commission its production of

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wine in the previous 12 months and its anticipated production and sales for the next 12 months. The Commission may fine, suspend, or revoke self-distribution exemption after a hearing if finds that the exemption holder has made a material misrepresentation in its application, violated a revenue or liquor law of Illinois, exceeded production of 25,000 gallons of wine in any calendar year, or become part of an affiliated group producing more than 25,000 gallons of wine or any other alcoholic liquor.

- (E) Except in hearings for violations of this Act or amendatory Act or a bona fide investigation by duly sworn law enforcement officials, the Commission, or its agents, the Commission shall maintain sales information production and self-distribution exemption holder as confidential and shall not release such information to any person.
- (F) The Commission shall issue regulations governing self-distribution exemptions consistent with this Section and this Act.
- (G) Nothing in this subsection (17) shall prohibit a self-distribution exemption holder from entering into or simultaneously having a distribution agreement with a licensed Illinois distributor.
- (H) It is the intent of this subsection (17) to promote and continue orderly markets. The General

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Assembly finds that in order to preserve Illinois' regulatory distribution system it is necessary to create an exception for smaller makers of wine as their wines are frequently adjusted in varietals, mixes, vintages, and taste to find and create market niches sometimes too small for distributor or importing distributor business strategies. self-distribution rights will afford and allow smaller makers of wine access to the marketplace in order to develop a customer base without impairing the integrity of the 3-tier system.

(18) (A) A craft brewer licensee, who must also be either a licensed brewer or licensed non-resident dealer and annually manufacture less than 465,000 gallons of beer, application to the Commission make self-distribution exemption to allow the sale of not more than 232,500 gallons of the exemption holder's beer to retail licensees per year.

(B) In the application, which shall be sworn under penalty of perjury, the craft brewer licensee shall state (1) the date it was established; (2) its volume of beer manufactured and sold for each year since its its efforts to establishment; (3) establish distributor relationships; (4) that self-distribution exemption is necessary to facilitate the marketing of its beer; and (5) that it will comply

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with the alcoholic beverage and revenue laws of the United States, this State, and any other state where it is licensed.

- (C) Any application submitted shall be posted on the Commission's website at least 45 days prior to action by the Commission. The Commission shall approve the application for a self-distribution exemption if the craft brewer licensee: (1) is in compliance with the State, revenue, and alcoholic beverage laws; (2) is not a member of any affiliated group that manufacturers more than 465,000 gallons of beer per annum or produces any other alcoholic beverages; (3) shall not annually manufacture for sale more than 465,000 gallons of beer; and (4) shall not annually sell more than 232,500 gallons of its beer to retail licensees.
- (D) A self-distribution exemption holder shall annually certify to the Commission its manufacture of beer during the previous 12 months and its anticipated manufacture and sales of beer for the next 12 months. The Commission may fine, suspend, or revoke self-distribution exemption after a hearing if it finds that the exemption holder has made a material misrepresentation in its application, violated a revenue or alcoholic beverage law of Illinois, exceeded the manufacture of 465,000 gallons of beer in any calendar year or became part of an affiliated group

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manufacturing more than 465,000 gallons of beer or any 1 other alcoholic beverage. 2

- (E) The Commission shall issue rules and regulations governing self-distribution exemptions consistent with this Act.
- (F) Nothing in this paragraph (18) shall prohibit a self-distribution exemption holder from entering into or simultaneously having a distribution agreement with licensed Illinois importing distributor distributor. If a self-distribution exemption holder enters into a distribution agreement and has assigned distribution rights to an importing distributor or distributor, then the self-distribution exemption holder's distribution rights in the assigned territories shall cease in a reasonable time not to exceed 60 days.
- (G) It is the intent of this paragraph (18) to promote and continue orderly markets. The General Assembly finds that in order to preserve Illinois' regulatory distribution system, it is necessary to create an exception for smaller manufacturers in order to afford and allow such smaller manufacturers of beer access to the marketplace in order to develop a customer base without impairing the integrity of the 3-tier system.
- (b) On or before April 30, 1999, the Commission shall

- 1 present a written report to the Governor and the General
- 2 Assembly that shall be based on a study of the impact of this
- amendatory Act of 1998 on the business of soliciting, selling, 3
- 4 and shipping alcoholic liquor from outside of this State
- 5 directly to residents of this State.
- 6 As part of its report, the Commission shall provide the
- 7 following information:
- 8 (i) the amount of State excise and sales tax revenues
- 9 generated as a result of this amendatory Act of 1998;
- 10 (ii) the amount of licensing fees received as a result
- 11 of this amendatory Act of 1998;
- (iii) the number of reported violations, the number of 12
- 13 cease and desist notices issued by the Commission, the
- 14 number of notices of violations issued to the Department of
- 15 Revenue, and the number of notices and complaints of
- 16 violations to law enforcement officials.
- (Source: P.A. 96-179, eff. 8-10-09; 96-446, eff. 1-1-10; 17
- 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-5, eff. 6-1-11.) 18
- 19 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law.". 20